## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1923

Chapter 294, Laws of 2011

62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

FIREARMS--POSSESSION--CONCEALED PISTOLS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/11

Passed by the House March 2, 2011 Yeas 95 Nays 0

### FRANK CHOPP

# Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 11, 2011 Yeas 38 Nays 9

### CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1923** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

# BARBARA BAKER

BRAD OWEN

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved May 10, 2011, 3:43 p.m.

FILED

May 11, 2011

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1923

Passed Legislature - 2011 Regular Session

By House Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Goodman, Reykdal, Hunt, Pedersen, Roberts, and Hunter)

62nd Legislature

2011 Regular Session

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/11.

State of Washington

7

8

9

10

11 12

- AN ACT Relating to requiring the denial of a concealed pistol 1
- 2 license application when the applicant is ineligible to possess a
- 3 firearm under federal law; and reenacting and amending RCW 9.41.070.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 4
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.41.070 and 2009 c 216 s 5 and 2009 c 59 s 1 are each 6 reenacted and amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The chief of police of a municipality or the sheriff of a county shall within thirty days after the filing of an application of any person, issue a license to such person to carry a pistol concealed on his or her person within this state for five years from date of issue, for the purposes of protection or while engaged in business, sport, or while traveling. However, if the applicant does not have a valid permanent Washington driver's license or Washington state identification card or has not been a resident of the state for the previous consecutive ninety days, the issuing authority shall have up
- 14
- 15
- 16 to sixty days after the filing of the application to issue a license.
- 17 The issuing authority shall not refuse to accept completed applications
- 18 for concealed pistol licenses during regular business hours.

- The applicant's constitutional right to bear arms shall not be denied, unless:
- 3 (a) He or she is ineligible to possess a firearm under the 4 provisions of RCW 9.41.040 or 9.41.045, or is prohibited from 5 possessing a firearm under federal law;
- 6 (b) The applicant's concealed pistol license is in a revoked 7 status;
  - (c) He or she is under twenty-one years of age;
- 9 (d) He or she is subject to a court order or injunction regarding 10 firearms pursuant to RCW 9A.46.080, 10.14.080, 10.99.040, 10.99.045, 11 26.09.050, 26.09.060, 26.10.040, 26.10.115, 26.26.130, 26.50.060,
- 12 26.50.070, or 26.26.590;

8

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

- 13 (e) He or she is free on bond or personal recognizance pending 14 trial, appeal, or sentencing for a felony offense;
- 15 (f) He or she has an outstanding warrant for his or her arrest from 16 any court of competent jurisdiction for a felony or misdemeanor; or
- 17 (g) He or she has been ordered to forfeit a firearm under RCW 9.41.098(1)(e) within one year before filing an application to carry a pistol concealed on his or her person.
  - No person convicted of a felony may have his or her right to possess firearms restored or his or her privilege to carry a concealed pistol restored, unless the person has been granted relief from disabilities by the attorney general under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 925(c), or RCW 9.41.040 (3) or (4) applies.
  - (2)(a) The issuing authority shall ((check with the national crime information—center)) conduct a check through the national instant criminal background check system, the Washington state patrol electronic database, the department of social and health services electronic database, and with other agencies or resources as appropriate, to determine whether the applicant is ineligible under RCW 9.41.040 or 9.41.045 to possess a firearm, or is prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal law, and therefore ineligible for a concealed pistol license.
- (b) The issuing authority shall deny a permit to anyone who is
  found to be prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal or state
  law.
- 37 <u>(c)</u> This subsection applies whether the applicant is applying for 38 a new concealed pistol license or to renew a concealed pistol license.

(3) Any person whose firearms rights have been restricted and who has been granted relief from disabilities by the attorney general under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 925(c) or who is exempt under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921(a)(20)(A) shall have his or her right to acquire, receive, transfer, ship, transport, carry, and possess firearms in accordance with Washington state law restored except as otherwise prohibited by this chapter.

(4) The license application shall bear the full name, residential address, telephone number at the option of the applicant, date and place of birth, race, gender, description, a complete set of fingerprints, and signature of the licensee, and the licensee's driver's license number or state identification card number if used for identification in applying for the license. A signed application for a concealed pistol license shall constitute a waiver of confidentiality and written request that the department of social and health services, mental health institutions, and other health care facilities release information relevant to the applicant's eligibility for a concealed pistol license to an inquiring court or law enforcement agency.

The application for an original license shall include two complete sets of fingerprints to be forwarded to the Washington state patrol.

The license and application shall contain a warning substantially as follows:

CAUTION: Although state and local laws do not differ, federal law and state law on the possession of firearms differ. If you are prohibited by federal law from possessing a firearm, you may be prosecuted in federal court. A state license is not a defense to a federal prosecution.

The license shall contain a description of the major differences between state and federal law and an explanation of the fact that local laws and ordinances on firearms are preempted by state law and must be consistent with state law.

The application shall contain questions about the applicant's eligibility under RCW 9.41.040 and federal law to possess a pistol, the applicant's place of birth, and whether the applicant is a United States citizen. If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant must provide the applicant's country of citizenship, United States issued alien number or admission number, and the basis on which the applicant claims to be exempt from federal prohibitions on firearm

p. 3

possession by aliens. The applicant shall not be required to produce a birth certificate or other evidence of citizenship. A person who is not a citizen of the United States shall, if applicable, meet the additional requirements of RCW 9.41.173 and produce proof of compliance with RCW 9.41.173 upon application. The license may be in triplicate or in a form to be prescribed by the department of licensing.

The original thereof shall be delivered to the licensee, the duplicate shall within seven days be sent to the director of licensing and the triplicate shall be preserved for six years, by the authority issuing the license.

The department of licensing shall make available to law enforcement and corrections agencies, in an on-line format, all information received under this subsection.

(5) The nonrefundable fee, paid upon application, for the original five-year license shall be thirty-six dollars plus additional charges imposed by the federal bureau of investigation that are passed on to the applicant. No other state or local branch or unit of government may impose any additional charges on the applicant for the issuance of the license.

The fee shall be distributed as follows:

- (a) Fifteen dollars shall be paid to the state general fund;
- (b) Four dollars shall be paid to the agency taking the fingerprints of the person licensed;
  - (c) Fourteen dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for the purpose of enforcing this chapter; and
  - (d) Three dollars to the firearms range account in the general fund.
    - (6) The nonrefundable fee for the renewal of such license shall be thirty-two dollars. No other branch or unit of government may impose any additional charges on the applicant for the renewal of the license.

The renewal fee shall be distributed as follows:

- (a) Fifteen dollars shall be paid to the state general fund;
- (b) Fourteen dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for the purpose of enforcing this chapter; and
- 35 (c) Three dollars to the firearms range account in the general fund.
- 37 (7) The nonrefundable fee for replacement of lost or damaged 38 licenses is ten dollars to be paid to the issuing authority.

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

24

25

2627

28

2930

3132

33

(8) Payment shall be by cash, check, or money order at the option of the applicant. Additional methods of payment may be allowed at the option of the issuing authority.

- (9) A licensee may renew a license if the licensee applies for renewal within ninety days before or after the expiration date of the license. A license so renewed shall take effect on the expiration date of the prior license. A licensee renewing after the expiration date of the license must pay a late renewal penalty of ten dollars in addition to the renewal fee specified in subsection (6) of this section. The fee shall be distributed as follows:
- (a) Three dollars shall be deposited in the state wildlife account and used exclusively first for the printing and distribution of a pamphlet on the legal limits of the use of firearms, firearms safety, and the preemptive nature of state law, and subsequently the support of volunteer instructors in the basic firearms safety training program conducted by the department of fish and wildlife. The pamphlet shall be given to each applicant for a license; and
- (b) Seven dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for the purpose of enforcing this chapter.
- (10) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (1) through (9) of this section, the chief of police of the municipality or the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence may issue a temporary emergency license for good cause pending review under subsection (1) of this section. However, a temporary emergency license issued under this subsection shall not exempt the holder of the license from any records check requirement. Temporary emergency licenses shall be easily distinguishable from regular licenses.
- (11) A political subdivision of the state shall not modify the requirements of this section or chapter, nor may a political subdivision ask the applicant to voluntarily submit any information not required by this section.
- (12) A person who knowingly makes a false statement regarding citizenship or identity on an application for a concealed pistol license is guilty of false swearing under RCW 9A.72.040. In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, the concealed pistol license of a person who knowingly makes a false statement shall be revoked, and the person shall be permanently ineligible for a concealed pistol license.

p. 5

SHB 1923.SL

- (13) A person may apply for a concealed pistol license:
- 2 (a) To the municipality or to the county in which the applicant resides if the applicant resides in a municipality;
  - (b) To the county in which the applicant resides if the applicant resides in an unincorporated area; or
    - (c) Anywhere in the state if the applicant is a nonresident.
- 7 (14) Any person who, as a member of the armed forces, including the national guard and armed forces reserves, is unable to renew his or her 8 license under subsections (6) and (9) of this section because of the 9 person's assignment, reassignment, or deployment for out-of-state 10 military service may renew his or her license within ninety days after 11 12 the person returns to this state from out-of-state military service, if 13 the person provides the following to the issuing authority no later 14 than ninety days after the person's date of discharge or assignment, reassignment, or deployment back to this state: (a) A copy of the 15 person's original order designating the specific period of assignment, 16 17 reassignment, or deployment for out-of-state military service, and (b) if appropriate, a copy of the person's discharge or amended or 18 subsequent assignment, reassignment, or deployment order back to this 19 state. A license so renewed under this subsection (14) shall take 20 21 effect on the expiration date of the prior license. A licensee 22 renewing after the expiration date of the license under this subsection (14) shall pay only the renewal fee specified in subsection (6) of this 23 24 section and shall not be required to pay a late renewal penalty in 25 addition to the renewal fee.

Passed by the House March 2, 2011. Passed by the Senate April 11, 2011. Approved by the Governor May 10, 2011. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2011.

1

4

5